Summary for New Zealand on Homophobia in Sport

Out on the Fields is the first international study and largest conducted on homophobia in sport. Nearly 9500 people took part including 631 lesbian, gay, bisexual and straight New Zealanders. The study focused on issues of sexuality in team sports and the English speaking countries. Repucom conducted the research with the study being initiated by Bingham Cup Sydney 2014 and supported by a coalition of sports organisations. The study methodology and results were reviewed by a panel of seven academics from six universities including Victoria University (Australia), Penn State University, University of Massachusetts (USA); Brunel University (UK); University of Winnipeg and Lavel University (Canada).

KEY FINDINGS

Sport Participation
• The majority of lesbian, gay and bisexual people said they played a wide variety of sports in New Zealand, particularly in their youth (under 22)
• 1 in 5 (20%) gay men did not play youth team sports with many of these men saying negative experiences in school PE class (55%) turned them off team sports or they feared they would be rejected because of their sexuality (36%)

Sporting Culture
• 41% of all participants and 51% of gay men believed LGB people are ‘not accepted at all’ or only ‘accepted a little’ in sporting culture
• 58% of all participants and 69% of gay men believe homophobia is more common in New Zealand sports than the rest of society

Homophobia and Discrimination
• 78% of participants witnessed or experienced homophobia in sport (both straight and LGB)
• Participants were more likely to have witnessed homophobia than experienced it personally. More than half (55%) of gay men, nearly half (45%) of lesbians and 27% of straight men said they had personally experienced homophobia

Of those who have been personally targeted:
• 19% of gay men and 4% of lesbians said they have received verbal threats of harm
• 32% of gay men and 9% of lesbians have been bullied
• 15% of gay men and 2% of lesbians have been physically assaulted
• 87% of gay men and 76% of lesbians have received verbal slurs such as “faggot” or “dyke”

Research Conducted by Study Initiated and Managed by

Full report at www.outonthefields.com
Youth Sport (under 22)

- 71% believe youth team sports are not welcoming or safe for LGB people
- 88% of gay youth and 76% of lesbian youth in New Zealand said they were at least partially in the closet, keeping their sexuality secret from all or some of their teammates
- These youth said they stayed in the closet because they feared multiple forms of discrimination, for example 45% of gay youth and 23% of lesbians feared they would be bullied and 29% of gay youth were worried about discrimination from coaches and officials

Spectator Stands

- 76% believe an openly gay, lesbian or bisexual person would not be very safe as a spectator at a sporting event
- Spectator stands (39%) followed by school PE class (20%) were chosen as the most likely locations for homophobia to occur

How New Zealand Compares to other English speaking countries

- New Zealand participants had the highest number of gay men and second highest number of lesbians who said they kept their sexuality secret while playing youth sport
- Gay men in New Zealand where the most likely (tied with Australia) to say they remained in the closet in youth sport because they were worried about discrimination from coaches and officials
- Gay men in New Zealand were the most likely to say they did not play team sports in their youth because of negative experiences in school PE class
- New Zealand is in second place for the highest number of gay men who stopped playing team sports when they became adults. One in four (25%) gay men said they didn’t play adult team sports because of a fear of discrimination and more than one in three (34%) said they stopped playing because of negative experiences in school PE class
- On a positive note, New Zealand gays and lesbians were the least likely to report verbal threats or physical assaults

SOLUTIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS

Participants were asked to select a range of possible solutions or could submit their own. The top three solutions selected were:
1. Start early with schools, coaches and parents taking homophobia and bullying seriously in sporting environments
2. National sporting organisations need to adopt and promote clear anti-homophobia and LGB inclusion policies for professional and amateur players
3. More LGB professional sporting stars need to come out of the closet to set an example

Recommendations from Researchers

- In many parts of the world PE teachers receive no training about homophobia or supporting LGB athletes. Coaches, physical education teachers and sport officials need mandatory training on how best to support LGB athletes
- Sporting organisations, schools and teams need to adopt a zero tolerance for players and fans who engage in homophobic behaviour

About the study

The data for Out on the Fields was collected through a 10-15 minute online survey with recruitment focused primarily on the UK, USA, New Zealand, Australia, Canada and Ireland. The study focuses on issues of sexuality, not gender, which is why LGB is used rather than the now standard LGBTI. People from all sexualities took part, including nearly 25% heterosexual.